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12 November 1962

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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

BULLETIN



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12 November 1962

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

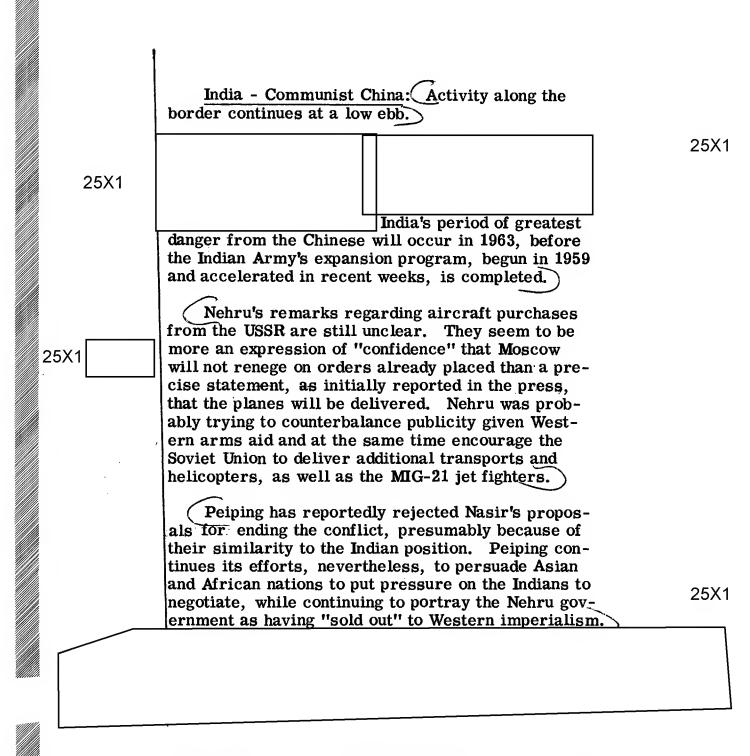
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DAILY BRIEF

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North Korea: North Korea apparently has recalled most of its ambassadors, probably for an across-the-board foreign policy review.

As of 9 November, envoys to the USSR, Czechoslovakia, East Germany, Hungary, Poland, Bulgaria, and Rumania were reported absent from their posts or preparing to leave. Other North Korean ambassadors may also have left their embassies.

The foreign policy conference will probably discuss North Korea's position in the recently intensified Sino-Soviet dispute, especially in light of the Cuban situation and the Sino-Indian border conflict. Pyongyang has been increasingly vocal in its support of the Chinese position on both questions.

The conference is also likely to consider the upcoming UN deliberations on both the annual UNCURK report on Korea and the Soviet-introduced proposal calling for debate on the withdrawal of foreign troops from South Korea.

Communist China recalled a number of its diplomats in October for a conference. These envoys apparently are still in Peiping.

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<u>Colombia</u>: Opposition to the Colombian Government's austerity program—announced on 7 November—is mounting and is likely to cause major political repercussions.

The US chargé in Bogota reports that the administration is under increasing pressure and the "political situation could deteriorate very rapidly." The government's program—intended to ease the heavy strain on Colombia's balance of payments and to help finance the country's ten-year development program—includes new consumer taxes and higher import tariffs. The plan is awaiting congressional approval. Meanwhile, normal foreign exchange transactions have been suspended and a financial panic threatens.

Unsettled conditions in Colombia could seriously affect its potential for being a showcase for the Alliance for Progress and will further weaken public confidence in the administration. President Valencia is already under sharp criticism for his inability to exercise effective leadership during his three months in office.

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Canada: Prime Minister Diefenbaker is under growing pressure from his own party to cooperate more closely with the US on Cuba and certain controversial defense questions, including the acceptance of nuclear weapons.

According to the American Embassy in Ottawa, the 8 November speech of George Hogan (Diefenbaker's campaign manager) calling for a break in diplomatic and trade relations with Cuba is the third recent example of such pressure.

Hogan also proposed that the government qualify its stand on nuclear weapons by setting a time limit on its public promise that it will not acquire them. He urged that the senior Canadian air force officer in NORAD be given the authority to place Canadian air defenses on alert without referring to Ottawa. He suggested these steps would increase Allied confidence in Canada, and "perhaps restore our own self-respect."

The embassy sees no open rebellion among the Conservatives against Diefenbaker's leadership at this point but believes that the group within the cabinet favoring closer military cooperation with the US has probably been strengthened.

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Guatemala: Conservative elements in the armed forces are considering a coup this month. Guatemalan Communists, aware of the plotting, are preparing to take advantage of the confusion that would follow a coup attempt.

The milit <u>ar</u>	y plotters expect to act be	<u>fore the end</u>	
of November.	Primar	rily, they are	25>
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	trongly anti-US former Pr		
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in expectation t	hat the rightist coup will b	e attempted be-	
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structed to atta	ck US diplomatic and busin	ess installa-	
tions.			
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The Special Assistant for National Security Affairs

The Scientific Adviser to the President

The Director of the Budget

The Director, Office of Emergency Planning

The Director, National Aeronautics and Space Administration

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The Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Deputy Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Counselor and Chairman of the Policy Planning Council

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The Assistant Secretary of Defense (International Security Affairs)

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Chief of Staff, United States Air Force

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The Director for Intelligence, The Joint Staff

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